

2021 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT

Mary Shelkey -Miller, ABR, GRI, C2EX CRS, AHWD, BPOR, SFR, SRES

PRESIDENT ELECT
Shawn Ostlie, GRI, C2EX

VICE PRESIDENT Kevin Fisher, GRI, CRS

DIRECTOR AT LARGE Lorrie Nantt, ABR, CRS, SRS, C2EX

PAST PRESIDENT
Jill Lee ABR, GRI, SFR, CRS, SRS, CRB, C2EX

NATIONAL DIRECTORS Daryl Braham, CRB, GRI, C2EX Vicki Roller, CRS, GRI, C2EX

LOCAL BOARD REPS
Badlands:
Tammie Braun
Lenee Bookhardt, ABR, C2EX

Bismarck-Mandan:
Joy Nelson, SRES, CRS, C2EX
Jamie McLean, C2EX
Heidi Hilzendeger
Kristin Oban, GRI, C2EX
Jeff White

Fargo-Moorhead:
Nick Olson, C2EX
Amber Carlton, EPro, AHWD, C2EX
Dawn Chadwick, C2EX
Shane Cullen, ABR, BPOR, C2EX
Chris Feickert, GRI, C2EX
Vicky Matson, ABR, CRS, GRI, C2EX
Ryan Mullikin, C2EX
Claire Smith, C2EX
Gloria Palm Connor, GRI, SFR, C2EX

Grand Forks: Russel Crary Kimberly Efta, CRS, SRS Phil Vanyo, C2EX

> Jamestown: Loni Trapp

Minot: Tammie Dunn, CRS, C2EX Amber Kraft, C2EX Lisa Olson, C2EX

> <u>Williston:</u> JoAnn Callahan, C2EX

STAFF: Jill Beck, Chief Executive Officer jill@ndrealtors.com

Sarah Caldwell, Membership & Communications Director sarah@ndrealtors.com

Robyn O'Gorman, Admin Assistant robyn@ndrealtors.com

North Dakota Association of REALTORS®

318 West Apollo Avenue – Bismarck, ND 58503-1404 Phone: 701-355-1010 or 800-279-2361 – Fax: 866-665-1011

www.ndrealtors.com

info@ndrealtors.com

February 1, 2021

«FirstName» «LastName»,

Congratulations on becoming a member of the North Dakota Association of REALTORS® (NDAR) and the National Association of REALTORS® (NAR) and joining our REALTOR® family!

REALTORS® are champions of homeownership, property rights and their communities. The REALTOR® Code of Ethics is the cornerstone of National Association of REALTORS® membership. Ethics training for REALTORS® ensures responsible and accountable dealings with the public and with the real estate community while demonstrating commitment to education and professionalism.

A successful REALTOR® is honest; avoids conflicts of interest; provides full disclosure as appropriate; keeps his/her clients informed; safeguards client funds; clarifies contract details; treats all clients and customers with respect; strives to be competent and knowledgeable and asks for help when unsure; makes only truthful representations about him/herself and other real estate professionals, and respects the exclusive brokerage relationship agreements other REALTORS® have with their clients.

As a member, visit the NDAR website at www.ndrealtors.com or NAR's website at www.nar.realtor for your member benefits. You will be amazed at the benefits that are offered! Also, make sure you explore how to become involved in your local and state associations. If you have any questions or want more information on how to get involved in the associations, President Mary would be happy to visit with you. Feel free to call, text, or email her.

We encourage you to continue your education by working on designations and certifications. Check out www.C2EX.realtor to increase your professionalism, knowledge and earn your first certification. NAR is also offering a new educational opportunity in FairHaven: A Fair Housing Simulation. An innovative online simulation training, where agents work against the clock to sell homes in the fictional town of Fairhaven, while confronting discrimination in the homebuying process.

https://fairhaven.realtor/ There will be many opportunities to get great education through NDAR that will give you more than any online courses would to help you achieve relevancy in your profession.

We wish you luck as a REALTOR® and thank you for becoming a member of the North Dakota Association of REALTORS®.

Mary Shelkey-Miller Mary Shelkey-Miller

Mary Shelkey-Miller
2021 NDAR President

Jill Beck NDAR CEO







NORTH DAKOTA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® Officers and Directors 2021

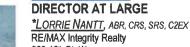
Vision: NDAR is the trusted voice of real estate and the advocate for a better real estate future.

Mission: To advocate for the success of our members in partnership with our local Associations and the National Association of REALTORS®.



PRESIDENT

*MARY SHELKEY MILLER, ABR, GRI, AHWD, BPOR, SFR, SRES, C2EX, CRS Hometown Realty, Inc 2900 E. Broadway Ave, Ste 8 Bismarck, ND 58501 701-258-1213 / Cell 701-240-7355 maryshelkey@qmail.com



RE/MAX Integrity Realty
669 12th St. W
Dickinson, ND 58601
701-483-9851 / Cell 701-290-7824
Inantt@remax.net



NATIONAL DIRECTOR

"22 VICKI ROLLER, CRS, GRI, C2EX Elite Real Estate, LLC 1110 College Dr, Ste 215 Bismarck, ND 58501 701-220-3903 / Cell 701-220-3903 vickiroller@gmail.com



BISMARCK MANDAN REPS:

+JOY NELSON, SRES, CRS, C2EX Alliance Real Estate 1022 E. Divide Ave. Bismarck, ND 58501 701-222-2217 / Cell 701-202-8795 loy@alliancere.net



KRISTIN OBAN, GRI, C2EX
Century 21 Morrison Realty
201 W. Front Ave.
Bismarck, ND 58504
701-223-6654 / Cell 701-220-1296
koban@c21morrison.com



DAWN CHADWICK, C2EX
BHHS Premier Properties
1815 38th St. S
Fargo, ND 58103
701-356-3600 / Cell 701-306-1250
dawn@bhhspreproperties.com



CHRIS FEICKERT, GRI, C2EX
Park Co., REALTORS®
4170 41st Ave. S., Ste 102
Fargo, ND 58104
701-237-5031 / Cell 701-388-5961
chris@parkcompany.com



PRESIDENT ELECT

*SHAWN OSTLIE, GRI, CZEX Archer Real Estate Services 2600 9th Ave S Fargo, ND 58103 701-356-5099 / Cell 701-388-5365 shawnostlierealtor@gmail.com



PAST PRESIDENT

*JILL LEE, ABR, GRI, SFR, CRS, SRS, CRB, C2EX Realty One Group Caliber 1418 2nd Ave. W Williston, ND 58801 701-609-5302 / Cell 701-770-1094 illikiorstad@yahoo.com



BADLANDS REPS:

+ TAMMIE BRAUN
Real Estate Company
353 19th St. W
Dickinson, ND 58601
701-483-0111 / Cell 701-590-1091
tammiebraun@ndsupernet.com



JAMIE MCLEAN, C2EX Integra Realty Group 2401 46th Ave. SE, #102 Mandan, ND 58554 701-751-6377 / Cell 701-425-8310 jamesonmclean@gmail.com



HEIDI HILZENDEGER
NextHome Legendary Properties
114 W. Main Ave., Suite C
Bismarck, ND 58501
701-712-8900/ Cell 701-226-2374

heidi.hilzendeger@gmail.com



CLAIRE SMITH, C2EX
Kilbourne Commercial RE
210 Broadway N, Ste 300
Fargo, ND 58102
701-237-2279 / Cell 612-532-1856
claire@kilbournegroup.com



SHANE CULLEN, ABR, BPOR, C2EX
Park Co., REALTORS®
4170 41st Ave. S., Ste 102
Fargo, ND 58104
701-237-5031 / Cell 218-686-5607
shanecullen@parkcompany.com



VICE PRESIDENT

*KEVIN FISHER, GRI, CRS
Park Co., REALTORS®
4170 41st Ave. S, Ste. 102
Fargo, ND 58104
701-237-5031 / Cell 701-388-6267
kevinfisher@parkcompany.com



NATIONAL DIRECTOR

"20 DARYL BRAHAM, CRB, GRI, C2EX
KW Inspire Realty
4575 23™ Ave. S, Ste 400
Fargo, ND 58104
701-356-5000 / Cell 701-306-7185
dbraham@ionleadership.com



LENEE BOOKHARDT, ABR, C2EX Infinity Real Estate Group 1269 W. Villard Dickinson, ND 58601 701-483-8088 / Cell 701-690-5867 Ienee@infinityrealestategroup.net



JEFF WHITE
White House Realty
529 Marilyn Dr.
Mandan, ND 58554
701-214-1633/ Cell 701-214-1633
bismanproperties@gmail.com



FARGO MOORHEAD REPS

+NICK OLSON, C2EX
Coldwell Banker Element Realty
4610 Amber Valley Pkwy, Ste E
Fargo, ND 58104
701-478-3390 / Cell 701-866-5600
nick@cbelement.com



GLORIA PALM CONNOR, GRI, SFR, C2EX Beyond Realty 4832 Amber Valley Pkwy S. Fargo, ND 58104 701-540-5161 / Cell 701-261-5972

701-540-5161 / Cell 701-261-59 gloria@beyondrealtyfm.com



AMBER CARLTON, EPRO, C2EX, AHWD
BHHS Premier Properties
1815 38th St. S
Fargo, ND 58103
701-356-3600 / Cell 701-640-8326
acartton@bhhspreproperties.com





VICKY MATSON, ABR, CRS, GRI, C2EX Coldwell Banker Element Realty 4610 Amber Valley Pkwy, Ste É Fargo, ND 58104 701-478-3390 / Cell 701-200-4019 vicky@cbelement.com



PHIL VANYO, C2EX Coldwell Banker Forks Real Estate 2880 19th Ave S Grand Forks, ND 58201 701-772-8106/Cell 218-693-1062 pvanyo@forksrealestate.com



MINOT REPS: +TAMIE DUNN, CRS, C2EX Coldwell Banker 219 South Main St Minot, ND 58701 701-852-0136 / Cell 701-720-1723

tdunn@srt.com



WILLISTON REP: +JOANN CALLAHAN, C2EX Realty One Group Caliber 1418 2nd Ave. W Williston, ND 58801 701-609-5302 / Cell 701-651-6585 castledreams2014@gmail.com



Nominating Chair AMY HULLET Century 21 Morrison Realty 1142 W. Tumpike Ave. Bismarck, ND 58501 701-223-6654/ Cell 701-527-5816 amy.hullet@century21.com



ROTY (Taskforce) Chair AMY HULLET Century 21 Morrison Realty 1142 W. Tumpike Ave. Bismarck, ND 58501 701-223-6654/ Cell 701-527-5816 amy.hullet@century21.com



Fargo Moorhead MARTI KAIŞER, RCE, C2EX 1535 42nd St. S, Ste 300 Fargo, ND 58103 701-235-6679 marti@fmrealtor.com



Minot BETH MAYER, C2EX 212 S Broadway, Ste 1 Minot, ND 58701 701-839-8217 mmls@srt.com



NDAR SARAH CALDWELL Membership & Communications Director sarah@ndrealtors.com



RYAN MULLIKIN, CZEX Beyond Realty 4832 Amber Valley Pkwy S. Fargo, ND 58104 701-540-5161 / Cell 701-866-3106 ryanm@beyondrealtyfm.com



KIMBERLY EFTA CRS, SRS RE/MAX Grand 1375 S. Columbia Rd. Grand Forks, ND 58201 701-772-0061 / Cell 218-791-6747 kimmy@mygrandcities.com



AMBER KRAFT, C2EX KW Inspire Realty 12 Main St. S Minot, ND 58701 701-838-6800 / Cell 701-509-0763 amberkraft@kw.com



Government Affairs Chair DAVE LANPHER, GRI, C2EX Park Co., REALTORS® 4170 41st Ave. S., Ste 102 Fargo, ND 58104 701-237-5031 / Cell 701-361-7699



davelanpher@parkcompany.com



Basin Brokers Inc PO Box 456 Williston, ND 58802 tate@basinbrokers.com



Association Executives: Badlands TANYA KECK 135 Sims. Suite 214 Dickinson, ND 58601 701-483-0333 realtors@ndsupernet.com



Grand Forks JOHN COLTER, C2EX 1407 24 Ave S #340 Grand Forks, ND 58201 701-775-4231 iohn@gfndreaftors.com



Williston SCHUYLER FROEHLICH 2015 3rd Ave E West Fargo, ND 58078 Cell 701-471-7842 willistonbor@gmail.com



NDAR ROBYN O'GORMAN Administrative Assistant robyn@ndrealtors.com



GRAND FORKS REPS: +Russel Crary Crary Real Estate 4551 S. Washington, Ste G Grand Forks, ND 58208 701-775-0013/Cell 218-230-0032 russel@craryrealestate.com



JAMESTOWN REP: **+LONI TRAPP** Ivy Real Estate Group 356 Central Ave. N Valley City, ND 701-840-5044 / Cell 701-840-0038 lonitrapp@gmail.com



LISA OLSON, C2EX Century 21 Action 500 20th Ave SW Minot, ND 58701 701-839-0021 / Cell 701-340-8177 lisa.olsonc21@gmail.com



NICOLE SCHOEDER, ABR, C2EX Continental Real Estate PO Box 1121 Dickinson, ND 58602 701-483-9107 / Cell 701-260-5624 nschoeder@crerealestate.com

RPAC Fundraising Chair



RPAC Trustees Chair TATE CYMBALUK 701-572-5560 / Cell 701-570-3120



Bismarck Mandan NANCY DEICHERT, RCE 318 W Apollo Ave Bismarck, ND 58503 701-255-0712 nancy.bmbor@gmail.com



Jamestown SCOT NETHING, C2EX PO Box 203 Jamestown, ND 58402 701-252-6264 scot@ibor.org

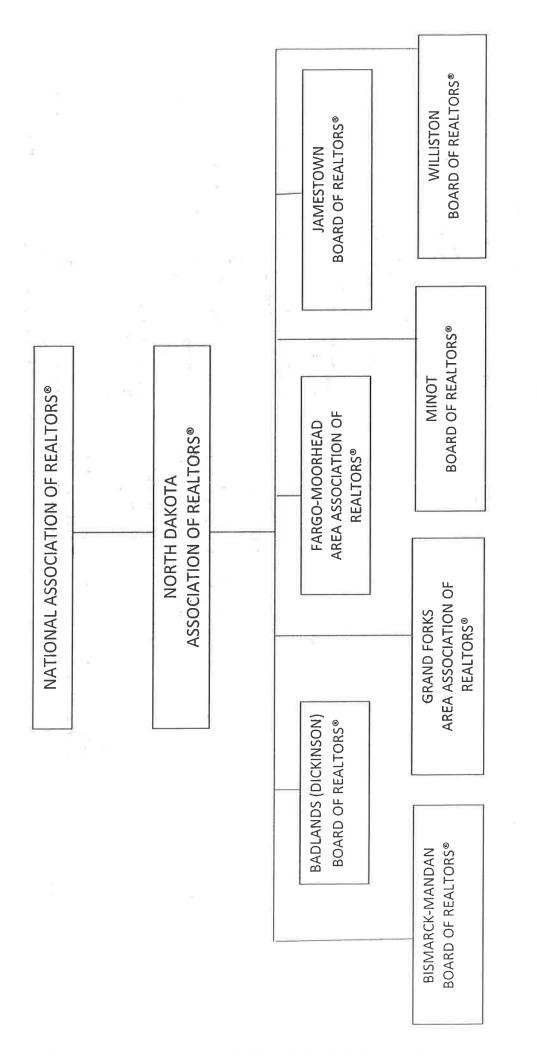


NDAR JILL BECK CEO ill@ndrealtors.com



Regional Vice President: LEN SARVELA, CRS, GRI Real Estate Masters-Duluth 207 W. Superior St., Ste 212 Duluth, MN 55802 218-722-7710 len@lensarvelahomes.com





Calendar of Events

Updated 1/26/21

North Dakota Association of REALTORS*

																						Ī	Ī			
		w	69							so									80		Ξ					
						83				- 1	ø								ш,		9					
	_	×	+	60	15	N	83		ş	-	in:	CI.	(D)	28				þé	٠	7	თ	16	23	8		
	April	3				23			August	3	49							Sem	T W T	-	80	15	Ø	82		
	-	٠		19	5	20	57		4	H	09	2	17	24	23			å	۰		7	14	2	88		
		3		w	ğ	0)	26			2	c)	Ø)	9	83	8				3		9	5	ଯ	27		
		19		M.	11	00	25			60	77.	00	113	S	83				60		'n	7	19	56		
		w	"	e	20	7				60	m	0	7	4	T.				60	m	13	۶.	7			
		L			19 2					u.											12 1					
		- 111			18									22 2				-			=					
	Ę	-				24 2	-		≥					21 2				ĞE.			10					
	March	*							July	> -				20 2				November	Ĩ		6			0		
						2 23				- 1				19 2				Z			80					
		22				1 22				3				18					3				21 2			
		ψŋ		7	7	21	73			40		4	-	=	N				S		7	÷	2	Ø		1
707		w	ø	13	20	27				100	S	12	19	56							6					4000
		4.	2	12	6	26				L	4	Ξ	18	52							80					:
	2	۰	4	Ξ	18	25			41	H	m							ē	1 M 1		7	14	21	83		
	February	3	ო	9	17	24			June	3	N	თ	16	ន	8			October	×		9	13	8	27		
	<u>a</u>	۲	2	თ	9	g			•	-	-	æ	5	Ø	8			ŏ	-				φ			
		3	-	80	15	ង				2		7	4	7	8				2		4	Ξ	6	33		
		en		7	4	21	28			10		9	13	8	27				10		ო	10	17	24	3	
		co	c,	6	9	R	00			40	-	80	2	22	Ø.				ω	4	F	80	5			
						22				w.				21					<u></u>		10					
						21.2				,				20 2				ē		n .	9			8		
	January	T W T				8			May	×				19 2				September	*	_			22			
	Jan	_				19 2			3	-				18			50	epte					21			
	•					18				2					24 2	_		Ú	3				8			
		3					24 2	_		10					23				s				19 2			

February 10	NDAR Board of Directors	Online Zoom
February 11	Homeownership	Virtual
February 24	NDAR CE Course	Online Zoom
March 3	NDAR CE Course	Online Zoom
March 11	NDREC Mtg.,	Bismarck, ND
March 22-24	AE Institute	Virtual
May 3-14	NAR Legislative Meetings	Virtual
May 13	NDREC Mtg.,	Bismarck, ND
June 10	NDREC Mtg.,	Bismarck, ND
June 15-16	NDAR Mtgs.,	(tentative)
Sept 15-17	REALTOR® Convention of the Dakotas	Pierre, SD
Oct 13-14	NDAR October Education	(9 hrs. CE Location TBD)
November 12-15	NAR Convention	San Diego, CA

Washington, DC

2022

NAR Legislative Meetings

May 9-14

NAR Convention

November 11-14

Orlando, FL

Your 2018 REALTOR® Dues in a Nutshell

NAR Ad Assessment: \$35

NAR Dues: \$120

NDAR Dues: \$250

BMBOR Dues: \$170

NDAR Exclusive Member Benefits:



ApplyConnect® is the easiest and most secure way for landlords and renters to share a consumer credit, eviction and criminal report for the purpose of screening a rental applicant. The report is FREE to landlords, property

owners, property managers and agents and only takes a matter of seconds to process. Online Rental Applications are available, too!

Click on the link below to get started: https://ndar.applyconnect.com/



TechHelpline

Tech Helpline gives you tech support for hardware, software, networking and mobile devices.

ww2.realestateis.com/lp/techhelpline/ndar.html

HotelStorm

NDAR members receive exclusive savings all season long.
Contact Jane at jane@ndrealtors.com or 701-355-1010 for access details







Taxbot

Track your mileage, digitally store your receipts, & keep more of your money https://taxbot.com/z/nd

North Darota Legislative Branch

To serve in the North Dakota Legislative Assembly a person must be:

- At least 18 years of age as of the election date.
- A qualified elector of the legislative district.
- A resident of North Dakota for one year before the election.

The first female legislators (Minnie Craig and Nellie Dougherty) were elected in 1922. Brynhild Haugland was the longest-serving legislator in North Dakota. She served for 52 years.

There are 47 districts each represented by 2 representatives and 1 senator.

Other Fun Facts About North Dakota

North Dakota is named after the Dakota Sioux Tribe. Dakota is the Sioux word for "friends".

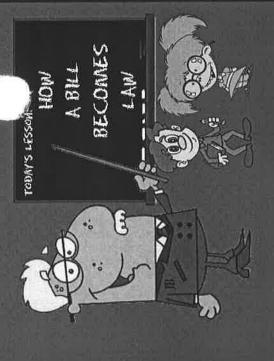
North Dakota was the 39th, state admitted into the Union on November 2, 1889.

There are 86.842 miles of roadway.

There are 54,373 miles of rivers.

Record low temperature is -60° F (~51.1° C) (Recorded in Parshall February Us 1936)

Record high temperature is 121° F (49° C) (Recorded in Steele July 6, 1936) North Dakota is the 19th largest state by area in the United States (70,762 square miles). The town of Rugby is considered to be the geographic certer of the North American continent.





GUIDE TO LAWRING IN IN NOI?TH DAKOTA

> NORTH DAKOTA LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STATE CAPITOL GOO EAST BOULEVARD AVENUE BISMARRCK, ND 58505 701.328.2916

WWW.LEGIS.ND.GOV

PROVIDED BY THE NORTH DAKOTA LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Becomes Law Tow of

Bill Preparation

Bills are usually prepared by the Legislative Council for introduction by a legislator. If a the bill must be reviewed by the Legislative bill is not prepared by the Legislative Council, Council office for proper form and style.



Bill Introduction

wi.

introduction of bills. Any legislator may hand the bill After the preliminary business of opening a session. the presiding officer (the Lieutenant Governar in the Senate and the Speaker in the House) calls for an to the bill clerk



The bill clerk assigns a number to the bill and the Chief Clerk of the House or the Secretary of the Senate reads the bill by title only (first reading of the bill - 4th Order of Business



Committee Assignment & Introduction

S The presiding officer refers the bill to the proper committee. committee, the bill is explained and discussed



Public Input

Public hearings are held on every bill.



on & Report Committee Recomm

The full committee may:

- Report the bill unfavorably with or without amendment;
 - Report the bill favorably with or without omenoment;
- Report the bill without any recommendation and with or without onerlament; or
- Request the bill's rereferral to another committee with or without any omer)dmertt.

Each committee reports to the House or Senate on the bills that have been referred to the committee.







Calendar Placement & Consideration of Amendment

All bills regardless of type of committee report. he amendment is placed on the calendar and adopted or rejected before the bill is placed on vill be placed on the calendar far final passage. if the committee recommends on amendment. the colendar.



Floor Debate



reading and is the time when the bill can be is read again. This is known as the second finally passed or defeated. Then the bill is When a bill comes up on the calendar the bill debated on the floor of the House or Senate.

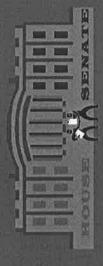
Chamber Consideration

After debate the bill is passed or defeated. If passed, the bill is delivered (messaged) to the other house.



Second House Consideration

orm, the bill is enhalled, signed by presiding officers, and sent to the Governor. If the second house oriends and then passes the bill, it is sent back concur the presiding officers of both houses appoint a conference to the first house for concurrence. If the first house does not If the second house passes the bill in the committee



Conference Committee

to both houses and both houses must approve the The conference committee makes recommendations bill in the same tarm.



Enrollment



The bill then is ennolled, signed by the presiding officers, and sent to the Governor. If signed or if forwarded to the Secretary of State without being signed, the bill becomes law (usually August 1, or July 1 for appropriations and revenue measures).

Veto Override

If vetoed, the bill can still become a law by a 2/3 vate in both houses.

Joters' Referral



nitiated Measure

A law also may be proposed and acted upon by the electorate by means of an initiated measure.





Public
Policy
Statement

North Dakota Association of REALTORS®
318 West Apollo Avenue
Bismarck, ND 58503
info@ndrealtors.com
www.ndrealtors.com





VISION

The North Dakota Association of REALTORS®
is the trusted voice of real estate and
the advocate for a better real estate future.

MISSION

The North Dakota Association of REALTORS® advocates for the success of our members in partnership with our local associations and the National Association of REALTORS®.

NORTH DAKOTA ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® PUBLIC POLICY STATEMENT – 2014/2015

The social and economic fabric of our nation, and our state, is deeply rooted in the fundamental right of all people to own, use, and transfer real property. Real property ownership has been and continues to be one of the highest personal priorities of most Americans. Real property is defined as land and anything permanently affixed to the land together with all rights exercisable in connection with such land and fixtures.

Real property ownership inspires a deep sense of personal pride and accomplishment and fosters greater interest and involvement in community affairs. Real property ownership encourages savings and investment and contributes to economic stability and self-sufficiency.

The ND ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® is committed to the protection and preservation of the constitutional right of every individual to acquire, occupy, use and dispose of real property as he or she chooses within the law. We oppose all laws, rules, and regulations that impose unreasonable restraints and limitations on the private ownership, use, and transfer of real property. This includes inequitable and counterproductive property and real estate-related taxes.

We are further committed to the protection and preservation of the free enterprise system. We oppose undue government intervention in the affairs of private businesses and look unfavorably upon government guidelines, rules, regulations, and procedures that unnecessarily burden the business community and add to the costs of doing business.

1. PROPERTY AFFORDABILITY

2.7

- 1.1 The ND ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® believes that every individual should have the opportunity to live in safe and decent housing which our North Dakota families and individuals can afford. We urge all levels of government to adopt and integrate housing policies that are responsive to the individual and collective housing needs of our society.
- 1.2 The Association believes that North Dakota housing needs and objectives are best served in an economically healthy private market. We support legislative measures and initiatives that serve to increase the availability and affordability of housing through the private sector. We favor government intervention and public assistance only when housing needs cannot be fully or effectively met by the private sector.
- 1.3 The Association favors joint public and private sector housing initiatives that encourage homeownership by individuals and families at all income levels.
- 1.4 The Association strongly supports the existence of a North Dakota State Housing Finance agency to advocate and administer state housing policies and programs.
- 1.5 The Association believes that rental housing needs are best met through private investment. We encourage and support measures that accomplish this objective.
- 1.6 The Association believes that real estate investment, development, and revitalization contribute to a sound economic base and an adequate supply of housing which all ND citizens can afford. We oppose state and local policies and regulations that limit or effectively prevent innovation and development that serve to meet housing needs and changing market demands.
- 1.7 The Association believes that local planning and zoning policies should allow for development of adequate housing which all families and individuals can afford. We support laws and policies which:
 - zone adequate land for all types of housing

- · allow growth in residential, commercial and industrial development
- streamline the permit and approval process and eliminate unnecessary and costly time delays
- encourage innovations in development and construction techniques and materials
- encourage innovative product design to meet affordable housing needs
- 1.8 The Association opposes adoption of laws and policies that allow public or private impact or transfer fees on real property. Such fees discourage development and add to the cost of real property acquisition.
- 1.9 The Association recognizes that factory-built housing, manufactured housing and other types of non-stick built housing provide an affordable alternative to traditional types of housing and expand ownership opportunities for people in North Dakota.
- 1.10 The Association advocates local control of planning and zoning policies that encourage the development and availability of all housing types including manufactured housing. (See sections 1.6 and 1.7).

2. GOVERNMENT REGULATION

- 2.1 The ND ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® believes that competition in a free enterprise system is the best way to meet the needs and market demands for real property. We urge government at all levels to reduce impediments which prevent the private sector from meeting the needs and demands for real property more efficiently and effectively.
- 2.2 The Association strongly opposes exclusionary zoning, no-growth ordinances and moratoriums as such laws and policies limit the supply of housing, restrict economic and investment opportunities, and contribute to higher housing costs.
- 2.3 The Association believes that government at all levels should be efficient, responsive and economical. We support and encourage the cooperation and regionalization of governmental entities in sharing provision of services so as to avoid duplication and cut costs.
- 2.4 The Association believes that government regulatory procedures affecting real property should be simplified. Unnecessary and complex regulations delay real property transactions and increase costs associated with the transfer and use of real property.
- 2.5 The Association advocates just reimbursement and demonstrated proven need as unconditional requirements for the confiscation of private property by the government. We oppose unreasonable confiscation.
- 2.6 The Association endorses measures which optimize the opportunity for our members who are generally independent contractors to procure adequate health insurance coverage at reasonable rates.

3. TAXATION

- 3.1 While we realize the importance of many Government programs funded through property tax, we believe tax revenues should be equitably collected from other sources. Real property should only be taxed for the actual services it receives (i.e. law enforcement, fire protection, appropriate administrative fees etc.)
- 3.2 The Association favors a tax system that fosters economic growth and healthy real estate markets. We oppose any primary residence property tax freeze that negatively impacts decisions about homeownership and ownership of real property. We encourage public support of homeownership and real estate investments through income tax advantages. We support income tax deductions that encourage private investment.

- 3.3 The Association believes that government fees should not exceed the reasonable cost of providing the service for which the fee is charged. We oppose an increase of government fees leading to the surreptitious increase of taxes.
- 3.4 Recording fees. The Association believes that Government recording and document fees should not exceed the actual cost of recording or document preservation expenses.
- 3.5 Speculation Taxes. The Association opposes the taxation of capital gains realized on the sale of real property.
- 3.6 Taxes on Services. The Association opposes any effort to impose a sales tax on real estate brokerage services or on any other real estate-related services (e.g., tax on commission fees, rental fees, appraisal fees, tax on advertising, etc.)

4. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

- 4.1 The ND ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® supports protection and preservation of North Dakota's environment and natural resources provided economic development, accessibility of housing for all ND citizens and private property rights are not overly and unreasonably restricted.
- 4.2 The Association opposes unreasonable restriction on the use of privately owned property including shore land zone controls, open space requirements, protection of public/private water supplies, moratoriums and no growth policies that have adverse economic effects on employment, housing and the tax base. The Association urges all levels of government to respect the concept that private property ownership is made up of a bundle of rights, which includes use. If such use is denied or abridged by government for the benefit of the people, the cost of "taking" should be equitably distributed. The individual property owner should not be expected to pay for measures that benefit the public good and a broad number of citizens and which, in effect, limit the individual's private property rights.
- 4.3 The Association urges collective and cooperative action by lawmakers, government representatives, general industry and real estate industry leaders, and environmental groups to address and resolve the problems and challenges of environmental protection and responsible land use.

5. ENERGY CONSERVATION

- 5.1 The ND ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® supports voluntary energy conservation measures including favorable financing for costs incurred to reduce energy consumption.
- 5.2 The Association supports the development and voluntary use of alternative energy sources to reduce dependence on non-renewable forms of energy.
- 5.3 The Association opposes mandatory energy audits or mandatory energy ratings for real property, but supports voluntary energy audits to assist in decisions to purchase property or upgrade efficiency.

6. AGENCY

The Association supports agency disclosure on single-family residential and 1-4 unit multi-family properties that requires that all licensees provide timely, written disclosure which lists agency relationships available under state law. "Agency" is defined as the relationship that results when one person authorizes another to act on his/her behalf, subject to his/her control, and the other person consents to act as his/her agent.

7. LICENSE LAW AND REAL ESTATE PRACTICE

- 7.1 The Association supports and endorses real estate brokerage licensing laws and regulation. We support the existence of a competent and adequately funded state Real Estate Commission to oversee the business and professional conduct of real estate licensees. We recognize the importance of professionalism of home inspectors that may include registration, certification, mandatory education, and standards of conduct.
- 7.2 The Association believes that real estate brokerage license laws and regulations must reflect the practical demands and dynamics of real estate brokerage practice and business operation.
- 7.3 The Association advocates professionalism and competency in real estate brokerage practice through formal and informal education, training and research. We support mandatory pre-licensure education and mandatory continuing education for all licensees.
- 7.4 The Association supports use of technology as part of real estate practice including Internet, digital and smart device communications.

8. FAIR HOUSING

- 8.1 The ND ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® acknowledges and supports the right of all people to freely choose where they will live, regardless of race, color, religion, sex, disability, handicap, familial status, national origin, sexual orientation or gender identity or status with respect to marital status or receipt of financial assistance. This right is protected under federal and/or state fair housing laws and is a standard of practice of the Code of Ethics of the National Association of REALTORS®.
- 8.2 The Association believes that equal opportunity in housing can best be achieved through observance of the law, public and industry education, and mutual cooperation of the real estate brokerage industry and the public in a free and open housing market.

9. CONSUMER PROTECTION

The ND ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® supports and encourages dissemination of information which helps buyers, sellers, lessors, lessees, and other parties in a real estate transaction know and understand their rights and obligations as clients and customers, such as Agency Disclosure forms or Property Condition statements from the seller.

10. ANTITRUST COMPLIANCE

- 10.1 The ND Association of REALTORS® believes that vigorous and fair competition is essential to the preservation of our free enterprise system. We advocate strict compliance with federal and state antitrust laws
- 10.2 The Association recognizes that compensation is a matter of individual agreement between broker and client and that any individual or collective attempt to fix, set, or control rates of compensation by the association or any of its members is a violation of federal and state antitrust law.

11. GOVERNMENT & POLITICAL AFFAIRS

11.1 The ND Association of REALTORS® supports the purpose and objectives of political action committees and the REALTOR® Party and will continue to operate and encourage the activities of the ND ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE (ND RPAC).

11.2 The Association urges its member to work diligently toward effecting more efficient, responsive and economic government at all levels. We encourage the involvement of REALTORS® in local, state, and national government and political activities as a means of achieving public policies and laws which preserve and protect the economic interests of the real estate industry and the right of all people to own, use and transfer real property.

###

Approved and adopted by the ND Association of REALTORS®: October 7, 2010 Amended and adopted by the ND Association of REALTORS®: July 24, 2014

For more information contact:

Nancy R. Willis, Government Affairs Director 701-355-1010 or nancy@ndrealtors.com

the REALTOR® Report





News for you from the ND Association of REALTORS® January 7, 2021

CE FAQ - No Mandatory Topic for 2021

For any education questions you may have please read the updated 2021 Continuing Education FAQ here. https://www.ndrealtors.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/CE-FAQ-2021.pdf

Read the Newest NDAR Newsletter Online!

Hard copies of the recent December edition of the NDAR Newsletter were sent to all member offices across ND, but we realize not everyone is visiting their offices on a regular basis right now. If you haven't had the chance to see it — read it here! Find out who won REALTOR® of the Year, Good Neighbor Award, and the new NDAR leadership for 2021. Plus great updates from each local board in the state and also 2021 Convention of the Dakotas information -- and much more!

Read it HERE

https://www.ndrealtors.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/Realtor-Dec-2020-web-ready.pdf

NAR, DOJ Settlement Explained

The recent settlement that NAR reached with the Department of Justice is a lot of information to soak in, and we are here to help you understand all of the implications of the agreement. Learn about NAR's settlement with the DOJ regarding MLS rules and commissions here. Plus, read these FAQs from NAR regarding the settlement here.

NDHFA Releases Study on Current State of ND Housing

North Dakota Housing Finance Agency (NDHFA) has released "The Current State of Housing in North Dakota," a study of the affordability of the state's single and multifamily housing, the impacts of COVID-19, and housing challenges faced by vulnerable populations in 2020.

Study data was gathered from state, federal, academic and association sources to provide an unbiased report of North Dakota's current housing landscape.

Go here to read through the study.

NAR to Host Training on Changes to Code of Ethics

NAR will host monthly trainings to provide guidance on the changes to the Code of Ethics that were approved by the NAR Board of Directors on November 13, 2020, and to provide an opportunity to ask questions of our policy experts.

An event reminder from Zoom will be emailed prior to each session with a link to join the meeting. If you miss an email, the same link is used for each session so you can revisit a previous email to attend any meeting. These trainings will be recorded, and will be posted online shortly after each session.

Click here to register for these trainings.

2021 Homeownership Forum - NDHFA

To provide their real estate partners with an educational opportunity in early 2021, North Dakota Housing Finance Agency (NDHFA) will co-host a series of virtual workshops with Genworth Mortgage Insurance and the Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corporation.

The Homeownership Forum will be hosted virtually allowing for wide participation by North Dakota lenders and real estate agents and related housing professions, and a unique program will be offered each day. These forums will be held on February 11th and February 18th, 2021, each from 10:00am to 12:00pm. More information, including registration information, will be released later this month.

Fraudulent Calls Are Not from NAR

Please be aware that robocalls and texts from numbers claiming to represent "NAR health insurance" don't originate from NAR, which will never make unsolicited calls to enroll them in an insurance program or solicit their personal information. Please note that NAR has legitimate insurance offerings available through the REALTOR Benefits® Program. Learn more here.

Applying for Leadership Program

NAR is accepting applications through Feb. 12 for the <u>2022 Leadership Academy</u>. This program identifies, inspires, and mentors emerging leaders from local and state associations. It also allows future leaders to experience multiple facets of leadership and define their leadership style. If you are an emerging leader, go online and apply today.

Fairhaven: A Fair Housing Simulation is Live

Fairhaven: A Fair Housing Simulation is an interactive online simulation where learners confront discrimination in real estate from the point of view of both agent and client. This simulation is made available at no cost.

In the fictional town of Fairhaven, agents work against the clock to sell homes, confronting different scenarios where discrimination gets in the way. Learners make choices about how to handle each scenario and receive feedback they can apply to their daily business interactions. In an innovative approach, the course also places agents in the role of a client experiencing discrimination. The client point-of-view scenarios are paired with powerful testimonials illustrating the impact of housing discrimination in real people's lives.

NAR members can navigate to https://fairhaven.realtor and log in using their NAR single sign-on credentials to launch the platform. The training takes 60-100 minutes to complete, depending upon the learner's performance.

Avoiding Fair Housing Pitfalls

Common scenarios, such as providing a buyer with school performance information or taking a pocket listing, can open you up to potential discrimination issues. NAR is addressing these fair housing concerns with its <u>ACT initiative</u>. Click the link to find out more today.

Cyber Crime Resources for 2021

NAR's insurance broker, AON, provided us with a report about a sharp increase in identity theft and unemployment fraud. According to the report, phishing attacks have increased 600% since February and ransomware attacks rose 148% in March alone.

Given the rise in cybercrime, please keep these resources in mind:

- Window to the Law: Preventing Cybercrime During COVID-19
- Cybersecurity Checklist
- Data Security and Privacy Toolkit

•

5 Issues to Watch in 2021

Maintaining independent contractor status, ensuring COVID-19 relief for businesses, and protecting REALTORS® in anti-money laundering policies are key areas NAR's Business Issues Policy Committee will focus on in 2021. Read more about key business policy issues for 2021 here.

100 Days to Greatness® - Awesome New Benefit

As part of our continued efforts to provide valuable resources for members, NAR partnered with Buffini & Company to launch 100 Days to Greatness®, a 14-week training program featuring industry expert Brian Buffini. The program is aimed at newer agents looking for a firm foundation and those returning to the business after a hiatus—but the program will also serve those looking to take their business to the next level.

Exclusive Member Benefit: NAR Members receive a benefit of \$100 off the 100 Days to Greatness Program. Brokers can offer 100 Days to Greatness as a companion program to their onboarding processes to help give agents a strong foundation in their business.

New Benefit: Life Insurance

Introducing member-exclusive group term life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance, now available through the REALTOR Benefits® Program. Benefits include negotiated group rates, and there's a range of coverage amounts to suit your needs.

Go here to read more about your new life insurance options.

Year-Round Safety Resources

Want to help yourself avoid risky situations that could mean the difference between life and death? Visit the REALTOR® Safety Program year round for tools, tips, and resources to keep yourself safe on the job.

The goal of the REALTOR® Safety Program is to reduce the number of safety incidents that occur in the industry, so every REALTOR® comes home safely to his or her family every night. We will accomplish this goal together with our members by improving the Safety Culture in the industry: Talk about safety; create a safety plan and follow it; and encourage your fellow REALTORS® to do the same.

Get Ready for Taxes: Steps to take now to make tax filing easier in 2021

The IRS is encouraging taxpayers to take necessary actions this fall to help them file their federal tax returns timely and accurately in 2021, including special steps related to Economic Impact Payments (EIP).

An important first step to getting taxes ready is to gather all tax records. Having records organized makes preparing a tax return easier. It may also help discover potentially overlooked deductions or credits. A special page outlines steps taxpayers can take now to make tax filing easier in 2021.

IRS makes it easier to set up payment agreements; offers other relief to taxpayers struggling with tax debts

The IRS announced a number of changes designed to help struggling taxpayers impacted by COVID-19 more easily settle their tax debts with the IRS.

The IRS will automatically add certain new tax balances to existing Installment Agreements, for individual and out of business taxpayers. This taxpayer-friendly approach will occur instead of defaulting the agreement, which can complicate matters for those trying to pay their taxes.

To reduce burden, certain qualified individual taxpayers who owe less than \$250,000 may set up Installment Agreements without providing a financial statement or substantiation if their monthly payment proposal is sufficient.

Reminder to all taxpayers: Gift cards are not used to make tax payments

Gift cards are a popular and convenient gift for all occasions. They are also a tool that scammers use to steal money from people. Scammers often target taxpayers by asking them to pay a fake tax bill with gift cards. They may also use a compromised email account to send emails requesting gift card purchases for friends, family or co-workers. The IRS reminds taxpayers gift cards are for gifts, not for making tax payments.

Everyone Has Technology Questions

Tech Helpline has the answers.

Access U.S.-Based Tech Support at NO ADDITIONAL COST.





you

U.S.-based

tech



Tech

Helpline

support for hardware, software, networking and mobile devices. Our analysts are friendly technology experts who will assist you via phone, chat and email. They troubleshoot problems and offer solutions, often by connecting remotely to your computer while you relax. Most importantly, they understand your needs as a REALTOR®

gives



(866) 432-3029

M-F: 8 a.m.- 7 p.m. Sat.: 8 a.m.- 4 p.m.

www.techhelpline.com





How Can Tech Helpline Assist You?

cluded Services

- Instruction for installing and configuring new hardware and software
- Diagnosis and repair of computer hardware and software issues
- Advice for purchasing hardware, software and services
- Basic instruction with major software applications
- Recommendations for upgrades and updates
- Advice for performance optimization
- Troubleshooting network issues

Tech Helpline Basic Coverage

Operating Systems:

- Microsoft Windows 10®
- Microsoft Windows Vista®
- Microsoft Windows 7®
- Microsoft Windows 8®
- Mac OS X (10.3 and higher)
- · Upgrades from all versions of

Microsoft Windows 2000®

Hardware:

Smart Phones: iPhones, Android, Windows 8, Blackberry

- . Tablets: iOS, Android, Windows 8, **Blackberry**
- **Digital Cameras**
- CD/DVD Drives
- Laptops
- Monitors
- **Network Adaptors**
- PC Cards / PCMCIA
- **PDAs**
- Printers: USB. WiFi
- Scanners
- **Sound Cards**
- Storage Media
- **USB Devices**
- **Video Cards**

Browsers/Net:

- WiFi Set Up
- **Internet Service Providers**
- Microsoft® Internet Explorer
- **Mozilla Firefox**
- Google Chrome
- Opera
- Safari
- Networking
- **Work Groups**
- **Share Files**
- **Share Printer**

Software Applications:

E-mail

- **Entourage**
- MS Outlook
- **MS Outlook Express**
- Webmail
- Windows Mail

Real Estate Specific

- Form Simplicity
- The Living Network

Office/Financial

- Adaptec Toast
- Adaptec EXCD Creator
- Adobe Acrobat
- Corel Office Products:

WordPerfect, Quattro Pro

Presentations, Visual Intelligence

- Corel Draw
- Intuit Ouicken
- Intuit Quickbooks
- Microsoft® Media Player
- Microsoft® Money
- Microsoft® Office Products:

Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Access

- Microsoft® Outlook Express (Versions 5.0 and higher)
- · Microsoft® Outlook (Versions 5.0 and higher)
- Microsoft® Publisher (Versions 2000 and higher)
- · Microsoft® Visio (Versions 2000 and higher)
- Microsoft® Works
- **Nero Burning ROM**
- **Roxio CD-Burning Products**
- Winzip Applications
- ITunes

All PC compatible, Macintosh and clones such as:

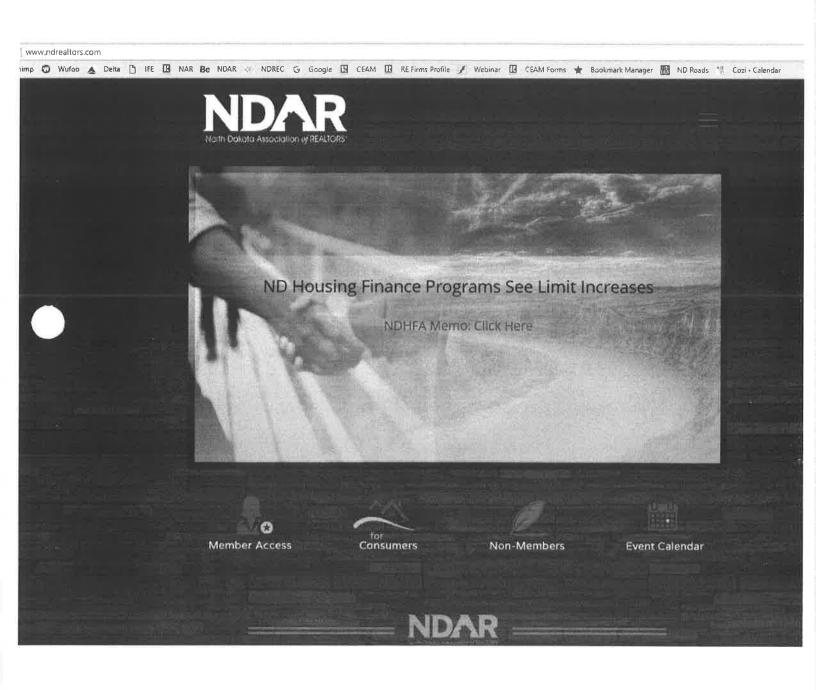
- Acer
- **AST**
- Clones / Whitebox
- Compaq
- Dell
- **eMachines**
- **Epson**
- **Fujitsu**
- Gateway
- **Hewlett Packard**
- **IBM**
- Lenovo
- Mac
- Sony
- Toshiba
- Winbook and others

Firewall/Intrusion Applications:

- Virus Removal
- **AVG AntiVirus**
- Lavasoft Ad-Aware
- McAfee AntiVirus
- **Norton AntiVirus**
- Spyware/Adware Intrusion Products
- Symantec pcAnywhere
- Tend Micro
- ZoneAlarm and others







NDAR

News & Events

Online Class Payment & Registration Link

click here

NDAR Board & Committee Meetings

Detailed Meeting Schedule Coming Soon!

- m June 13-14, 2018
- 9 Grand Forks, ND
- → Hilton Garden Inn 4301 James Ray Drive #701-775-6000

Click LEARN MORE for additional info.

LEARN MORE

NDAR Newsletter

April 2018 - Spring Issue

- Interview with NDAR President Ben Schroeder
- · President's Message
- Local Board News
- * RPAC Corner
- 2018 Convention of the Dakotas Registration info

READ REPORT

Online CE Savings!

Bring in the new year with 20% off your CE courses.

The CE Shop has everything you need to complete your CE.

promo code: JANUARY20

H The Shop

\$18 OFF CODE ND46

Expires 3/31

RealEstateCE.com









Member Login

You are not logged in Username

Password

LOG IN

Member Profile

NDRealtors.com login information:

User ID: enter your NRDS ID #

Password: NDAR01701

North Dakota Association of REALTORS®

LEGAL HOTLINE

w membership service will provide each Broker/Manager a rapid response to routine questions on issues of the agency, antitrust, license law disclosure, contract law are real estate issues in the operation of a real estate firm. Local Board Executive Officers may also access the Legal Hotline.

The Hotline is <u>not</u> your lawyer, it is a source of legal information for you. It is for you, <u>not</u> to pass along to clients and customers. No attorney/client relationship is established between you and the law firm retained to respond to your questions. Therefore, there is no right to confidentiality, and a record of your question and its response may be maintained at the office of the North Dakota Association of REALTORS®. We want a stronger, more expert profession; the Hotline is part of the NDAR effort to achieve it.

This service is free to any DR and can be accessed easily. Simply dial the toll free number, state your name and company, and that you have a Legal Hotline question. Casey Chapman, or another assigned attorney from his law firm, will field your question right away (unless they are in court or are involved with another client). If no attorney is available, you may leave your questions with the legal aid and Casey Chapman will return to call to you as soon as possible. The Legal Hotline will operate from 9:00 a.m. until 12:00 noon and from 1:00 p.m. until 4:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

The number of the Legal Hotline is 258-6030 or 888-338-7805 Please keep in mind that the service is provided for YOU as the DR (designated REALTOR®, which is usually the managing Broker), it is not intended for you to seek information to pass along to sales staff, clients or customers.

Please call Claus or Jill at the NDAR office (800-279-2361) if you have questions.

LEGAL HOTLINE Frequently Asked Questions by categories (Property Law, Agency Law, Contract Law)

PROPERTY LAW:

Sharaland Rights: What are the rights of an adjoining landowner to the shoreline of a river.

Response: Under North Dakota law, a landowner, who adjoins a navigable river, has rights (not absolute ownership) to the river's low watermark, and has absolute ownership rights from the river's high watermark and onto the adjoining land. Likewise, the state has absolute ownership rights from the low watermark and below (basically, the riverbed), but also has rights, held on behalf of the public, to the area between the low watermark and the high watermark. Basically, this shore area, between the low watermark and the high watermark, is a joint use area. The adjoining landowner can use the land for access to the water, for docking to the water, and the like, the public also has the right to use this shore area for navigation, boating, and the like.

Mineral Reservation: If a warranty deed does not contain a specific reservation of mineral rights, what happens?

Response: If there is no specific reservation of mineral rights, the mineral rights pass with the surface rights. If the deed reserves the rights to "all minerals," then all minerals are in fact reserved to the seller, with the exception of gravel, clay, and scoria, unless specifically named in the reservation clause. (Section 47-10-25, N.D.C.C.)

Real Estate Fixtures: Broker listed property for sale. Prior to receipt of any offers, the tenant on the property expressed an intent to sell certain items located upon this rural property, such as a windbreak, a corral, and some feed troughs. The owner expressed concern about the issue. A complication in this case was the fact that the owner and the tenant had previously been married, and the current owner/tenant relationship was created under the divorce decree.

Response: Under a lease arrangement, the listed items, such as a corral, a feed trough, and a windbreak, might be identified as trade fixtures, which can be removed by a tenant "if the removal can be effected without injury to the premises, unless the thing has become an integral part of the premises by the manner in which it is affixed." There are no easy answers in the area of fixtures, and the result will depend on an individual determination, in each case, by the judge. However, a permanent windbreak, which assumably is set into the ground, is most probably a fixture. A corral, which is permanently fixed into the ground, is probably a fixture, while a corral, which is maintained on portable stands, is probably not a fixture.

<u>Homestead Laws</u>: Broker has a pending sale of property involving three lots. A homestead dwelling sits on one lot, with two adjoining lots, over which the driveway extends. Several personal judgments have been lodged against the homeowners. Is there homestead protection under these circumstances?

Response: In North Dakota, the first \$80,000 in equity in a homestead dwelling is protected from personal judgments [Note: There is no protection against mortgages on the homestead]. In this particular circumstance, the net sale proceeds, pursuant to the sales contract, would be less than \$80,000; therefore, the actual homestead lot is clearly covered by the homestead protection, and the judgment creditors will be entitled to no proceeds from sale and, just as importantly, the sellers will be able to pass good title to the homestead lot to the buyers. As for the two adjoining lots, it is my opinion hat these lots are likewise covered by the homestead protection. The last sentence of Section 47-18-01, North Dakota Century Code, which defines the homestead, reads as follows: "In no case shall the homestead embrace different lots or tracks of land unless they are contiguous." It is an element of legislative interpretation that the legislature does not waste time with extraneous words; in other words, every sentence is assumed to have a specific purpose. It is difficult to read the designated last sentence, without concluding that, whenever lots adjoin the homestead lot, they are entitled to homestead exemption, subject to the \$80,000 dollar limit. Since the legislature did not provide any distinction for determining when contiguous www.local."

those "contiguous" (touching) parcels of land, which are selected by the homestead owner, within the dollar limits of the exemption. The North Dakota courts, including the federal court sitting in North Dakota, have long held that the homestead statutes are to be given a liberal construction, since the loss of a homestead protection is not favored in the law. See, e.g., in Re Lippert, 113 Bankr. 576 (Bankr. D.N.D. 1990).

Redemption Period for Personal Property: Broker was informed by a client that the client had a period of redemption, following the repossession of personal property, for a period of six months.

sponse: While real estate mortgages have determined periods of redemption, varying from sixty days to one year, there is generally no estable period of redemption for a personal property repossession. Therefore, unless a judge specifically ordered a six month period of redemption, for unusual, it could be expected that the period of redemption on personal property repossession is probably measured in terms of days, rather than months.

AGENCY LAW:

Suicide Disclosure: Broker represents seller with property, upon which suicide occurred. If broker becomes a dual agent, is disclosure of the suicide required.

Response: Under Section 70-02-01-19, North Dakota Administrative Code, the occurrence of a suicide on property does make the property "psychologically impacted." Under the following section, Section 70-02-01-20, North Dakota Administrative Code, the fact that a property is "psychologically impacted," as defined in the previous section, is "not a material or substantial fact that is required to be disclosed in the sale, lease, exchange, or other transfer of real estate." Although this code section was passed in 1992, prior to the statutory changes recognizing buyer agency in 1995, the Real Estate Commission has taken no action to expand the administrative code section, in a way to create a duty of disclosure. Therefore, under the current administrative code scenario, disclosure is not required.

Buyer Agency Interference: Broker A submits an offer for Broker A's buyer client ["Buyer"] on a parcel of property, which is listed by Broker B. Shortly thereafter, Broker A learns that Broker B sold a different parcel of property to Buyer; Broker B received no communication on the negotiations and/or sale.

Response: (i) Under Section 70-02-03-11, North Dakota Administrative Code, a broker is prohibited from negotiating a sale "with an owner," if the broker knows that the owner has a contractual arrangement with another broker. There is no comparable provision for buyer's brokers, (ii) Assuming that this was the sale of a residential property, Broker B did have the duty of disclosure under Section 70-02-03-15.1, North Dakota Administrative Code. Therefore, at the time of "first substantiative contact", Broker B should have informed the Buyer regarding Broker B's agency relationship under Section 70-02-03-15.1(2)(c), North Dakota Administrative Code. Likewise, under Section 70-02-03-15.1(7), Broker B would have been required to offer Buyer the applicable agency disclosure forms, at which time one would suspect that the discussion of agency relationship would have arisen. Finally, under Section 70-02-03-15.1(7)(e), North Dakota Administrative Code, no broker may deal "unfairly with any party to a real estate transaction, regardless of whether the party is represented by that licensee." Since Broker B had entertained an offer from the Buyer, through Broker A, Broker B had knowledge of the agency relationship between Broker A and Buyer, and should have clearly explained the agency issues on the licable disclosure forms, in order to assure informed consent of the Buyer to proceed. (iii) As a separate issue, there may be questions under ricle 16 of the Board of Ethics of the North Dakota Association of Realtors, which is a private organization. Article 16 prevents any Realtors taking action "inconsistent with the agency or other exclusive relationship recognized by law that other Realtors have with clients." Under Standard of Practice 16-5, Broker B was precluded from soliciting a buyer agreement from the Buyer, assuming that Broker B had knowledge of Broker A's representation; if Broker A refused, after inquiry, to disclose the expiration date of the buyer agency contract, then Standard of Practice 16-5 does authorize contact between Broker B and the Buyer, regarding a possible buyer agency relationship upon the expiration of the existing buyer agency agreement. Standard of Practice 16-9 requires a broker, prior to entering an agency relationship, to affirmatively make reasonable efforts to determine the existence of a conflicting agency agreement. Under Standard of Practice 16-13, all dealings "with buyers/tenants who are subject to an exclusive agreement," are required to be carried on with the client's broker, and not with client, "except with the consent of the client's agent or broker or except where such dealings are initiated by the client." As a result, depending on the facts of this situation, Broker B may have violated Article 15 of the Code of Ethics under the North Dakota Association of Realtors.

Appointed Agency: Broker questioned whether appointed agency could be used on an "as need" basis.

Response: Under the provisions of Section 70-02-03-17, North Dakota Administrative Code, a broker is allowed to use the concept of appointed agency, after a broker has adopted an office policy for broker agency. Suggested policy formats are available through the North Dakota Real Estate Commission. Once a policy is adopted, it is my opinion that appointed agency could be used on a "case by case" basis. However, the broker was also advised that, given the purpose of appointed agency, the use of appointed agency, as an alternative to dual agency, should be strongly considered.

<u>Disclosure of Encroachment</u>: After listing property, a broker discovered an encroaching fence. Seller and buyer were properly advised regarding the fence. Does the broker have any further obligation to remedy the problem?

Response: In my opinion, the broker's obligation was satisfied when the broker disclosed the defect in the property boundaries. At that point, it is the obligation of the parties, by contract provisions, or otherwise, to actually remedy the situation.

<u>Commission Paid to Salesperson</u>: Broker has an agent who may be completing sales for an internet firm, accepting the fee, but not sending the compensation hrough the broker's account.

Response: A sales person can only work under the authority of a licensed broker. Therefor, the licensed broker has the right, pursuant to agreement 'th the sales person, to control the sales actions, in disposition of funds, in all of the sales person's real estate transactions.

Agenc uring Foreclosure: Broker has a listing agreement with a property owner. Foreclosure proceedings have been instituted, and it appears that the oreclosure is about to be completed. The lien holder then contacted the broker, asking to list the property.

Response: The broker has a fiduciary duty to the owner, who is the broker's client. If the broker "drops" the owner, in favor of the lien holder, while the owner still has rights in the property, there is certainly the appearance of a breach of the fiduciary duty of loyalty between the broker and the owner, I advise waiting until the redemption period expires and then, when the lien holder becomes the owner of the property, and when the owner www.realtor.org

has lost all rights in the property, there is probably no more potential breach of duty.

Broker as Appointed Agent: Broker asked about appointed agency. Broker was a practicing broker and was concerned about situations which would arise, when the broker was representing a party to the transaction.

Response: Under Section 70-02-03-17(2)(b), North Dakota Administrative Code, and appointed agent is allowed to reveal confidential information to the designated broker "for seeking advice or assistance for the benefit of the client." Where the designated broker is also a practicing broker, this issue can become difficult because the designated broker will also have fiduciary duties to that designated broker's client. As a result, it does not appear that a true appointed agency is possible in those situations where the designated broker is representing one of the firm's clients in a transaction. In that case, a dual agency relationship seems to arise; a designated broker could provide advice and assistance to the client of the appointed agent by appointing an additional agent, within the firm, as appointed agent for the client. Section 70-02-03-17(3)(a)(4), in such event, the designated broker should advise the appointed agent's client, in writing, of the appointment of the additional agent.

Appointed Agency: Broker questioned the application of dual agency under the concept of appointed agency. If a broker is a practicing broker, and has a listing agreement with a seller, what is the relationship when an agent, who has been designated to represent a buyer under the appointed agency theory, brings an offer to the broker's client?

Response: The North Dakota Administrative Code does not deal specifically with this issue. Under Section 70-02-03-17, N.D.A.C., a designated broker is entitled to receive confidential information from an appointed agent for the purpose of "seeking advice or assistance for the benefit of the client about a possible transaction;" however, once the designated broker receives this information, the broker is required to protect the confidentiality of the information. [70-02-03-17(2)(b)]. As a result, the designated broker, who is participating in the transaction, will have, under the provisions of this section, access to the confidential information from the broker's own client, and confidential information from the appointed agent's client. First, it appears that a dual agency transaction arises from these facts and that both clients should be advised about the dual agency. The dual agency is created, it seems, by the designated broker's access to confidential information from both clients. Second, there seems to be the possibility, if clearly created by office policy, that a designated broker, prior to the receipt of any confidential information from the appointed agent's client, could appoint another agent within the office, as an additional appointed agent, to give advice to the original appointed agent. [Section 70-02-03-17(3)(a)(4)...discussion of appointment of "new or additional" agents].

<u>Dual Agency</u>: In a dual agency situation, seller-client has accepted an offer on the property. However, seller-client has instructed the broker that, due to contingencies on the purchase agreement, the house should continue to be shown and backup offers will be considered. Broker is concerned about the duty to the buyer-client.

Response: While a broker has modified duties in the case of dual agency, certain client duties continue under that form of representation. Where the seller-client has specifically directed that the property should continue to be shown, the broker has a duty to follow those instructions. The buyer-client should be informed of this decision. Both seller-client and buyer-client should be clearly informed regarding the nature of the contingencies in the contract and regarding the working of a backup offer.

Wants Access: Broker has property listed for a non-resident seller. A local bank, which has a mortgage on the property, made contact with a broker, or the key, so that the lender could enter the home and take certain actions, ostensibly to protect the property. At the time, broker did not have perm. sion from the seller-client to allow the lender onto the property.

Response: The agency arrangement, under which the broker was marketing the property, does not include the right to allow third persons onto the property, for reasons which do not specifically relate to the agency relationship. Absent consent from the seller-client, the broker has no right to provide access to the lender.

Disclosure of Registered Sex Offender: Buyer's agent is representing Buyer in the purchase of an apartment building. Buyer's agent received knowledge that a tenant in the apartment building is a sex offender, who is required to be registered. Does the Buyer's agent need to inform the Buyer about the presence of the sex offender.

Response: Yes. When a Buyer's agent receives knowledge, the Buyer is deemed to have received that knowledge. As a result, the Buyer's agent has a duty to inform the Buyer regarding any information, which the Buyer's agent holds. Even though the Buyer, on the Purchase Agreement, is advised of the general Megan's Law requirements, it is my opinion that, where the Buyer's agent has specific information that a sexual offender is residing on the property which Buyer is purchasing, the Buyer's agent is better advised to inform the Buyer. [Caution: This opinion should not be construed to extend to neighboring houses, etc., since this opinion is intended only to deal with the issue of a sexual offender, who is presently living, and will continue to live, on the premises which Buyer is purchasing].

<u>Unpaid Specials</u>: Buyer client asked agent to check on special assessments balance at time of contracting. Agent reported to buyer client the estimated special assessments, arising from a current project, where the special assessments had not yet been certified. On the day before closing, the special assessment totals (which were much higher than estimated) were published in the newspaper, but neither agent nor buyer saw the publication. Buyer wants agent to assume responsibility for the difference.

Response: It appears that the request for information was made at about the time of contracting. When the agent returned information to the buyer client, and indicated that there were no definite numbers, buyer client made the decision to proceed with the sale, in spite of the uncertainty.

Material Defects Disclosure: Seller was involved in some litigation, perhaps class action litigation, against the house siding manufacturer in the early 1990's. As a result of the litigation, Seller received some resolution, but did not replace the siding. Broker listed the house for sale, the house sold, in 1998. The settlement was not disclosed to the buyer, and broker had no actual knowledge of the settlement. The buyer wants the seller and the broker to pay for siding represent on the house.

Response: Under Section 70-02-03-15.1(6), a North Dakota Real Estate Licensee has an obligation, in spite of the Rules of Confidentiality, to disclose "material defects in the property of which the licensee is aware or which would constitute fraudulent misrepresentation unless disclosed." As an addition, in some court cases, courts have held that the duty of a real estate licensee includes the duty of reasonable inquiry which would apprise the real estate licensee, with that licensee's expertise of potential problems with the house. In this case, there is no evidence that the broker, even though www.realternergad been created, had any knowledge that the seller had received compensation for the siding, and there does not appear to be any

indication that the broker should have known that the seller received compensation for the siding. Under the circumstances, it does not appear that any duty, running from the broker to the buyer, has been breached.

CONTRACT LAW:

y Judgement: Can a lender obtain a deficiency judgment in North Dakota, following foreclosure of a residential mortgage? A mortgage compatening a deficiency judgment against the seller of a house, where it appeared that the house may have insufficient value to satisfy all existing mortgages.

Response: Under North Dakota law, deficiency judgments on residential mortgages are very difficult to achieve. I gave the statutory citation to the broker, who had a copy of the century code in his office, and pointed out the detailed procedure which must be followed, prior to the entry of a deficiency judgment on a residential dwelling.

Delivery of Deed: Does delivery of a deed, contrasted with recording of the deed, constitute closing of a transaction? In this case, a deed had been delivered to the closing agent, which was also the buyer's bank, but the buyer later instructed the closing agent to halt the recording of the deed. Buyers claimed that the transaction had never been completed.

Response: In North Dakota, a transfer of title is completed upon delivery of the deed; recording of the deed is not a necessity. I did suggest that there was an issue here, concerning whether delivery of the deed by sellers to the closing agent (buyer's bank) was actual delivery of the deed to the buyer. I suggested that, if the buyer had designated the closing agent as agent for receipt of the deed, it is possible that the transaction was completed at the time of the delivery of the deed to the bank.

Quitclaim Deed for Security: Broker was contacted by an individual who wants to sell a house. About two years previously, the potential seller had received the house by quit claim deed from the prior owner, who still resides in the house. Apparently, the quit claim deed was received as security for a loan, which was to be repaid within about 90 days. The potential seller wants to make sure that the potential seller has authority to sell the house.

Response: A quit claim deed, when intended as security for a debt, can be construed as a mortgage by the courts. It is generally presumed that a deed, given from one person to another, is an absolute conveyance of title to the property, just as the wording shows. However, the prior owner of the house has an opportunity to convince the judge, by clear and convincing evidence, that the deed, rather than intended as an absolute conveyance, was actually intended as security for a debt, like a mortgage. In this case, where the potential seller acknowledges that the deed was taken as security for debt, it is probable that the potential seller could not sell the property, without dealing with the rights of the prior owner. Those rights could include the necessity of public sale and a right of redemption (possibly up to one year).

irst Right of Refusal: Broker is confronted with a purchase agreement which offers a "right of first refusal" and questions the meaning of the phrase.

ponse: A "right of first refusal" is a generic term which can have several different meanings. You would be more appropriate that, in addition mere use of the phrase, there is a more detailed explanation of the nature of the right, i.e., how it works, the time lines involved, and the like. In its generic form, a "right of first refusal, is the right of the holder to have the first chance to meet, or accept, an offer to purchase a particular piece of exact terms of Buyer's purchase offer, and to therefore become the purchase in place of the Buyer.

rotection Period on Listings: Under a listing agreement, broker had a protection period, extending for a certain period of time, if the broker sent a list of rospective buyers to the seller, within a stated number of days after the termination of the listing agreement. Broker had failed to send the required tatement, and seller had sold the property to a buyer, who had been shown the property by the broker. Seller refused to pay a fee to the broker, and broker ad started a small claims action.

Response: Listing agreement is an agency agreement and, where the broker has control over the wording on the form, the court is going to interpret any ambiguities most strongly against the broker. In this case, since the broker did not comply with the terms of the listing agreement, broker will probably not be able to recover under the listing agreement. However, broker may have a claim for quantum meruit, since the broker actually brought the buyer to the property. Quantum meruit is based on the theory that, even if there is no actual contract, a person (here, the broker) may be able to recover on an implied contract, since the broker did perform services which were helpful to the seller.

abmitting All Offers: Broker reports that, in dealings with another brokerage, the other brokerage refuses to report any new offers, while that brokerage's eller-client is considering an offer to purchase.

Response: Under the provisions of Section 43-23-11.1(1)(u), N.D.C.C., it is clear that a licensee is required "to submit all offers to a seller when such offers are received prior to the seller accepting an offer in writing and until the broker has knowledge of such acceptance." Until that time, however, it is my opinion that all offers must be presented to the seller for consideration.

cpiration Date on Listings: Broker reports that, upon reviewing another brokerage's firm listing agreement copy, in the possession of the sellers, there is no ding date provided.

Response: Under Section 43-123-11.1(1)(n), N.D.C.C., a licensee is required, at risk of Real Estate Commission discipline, to "include a fixed date of ration in any written listing agreement. A copy of such listing agreement, showing the fixed date of expiration, must be left with the principal/

rfeite armest Money: If a seller accepts buyer's release of earnest money, and cashes the check, does the seller waive the right to bring further legal tion against the buyer.

Response: Yes. The acceptance of the earnest money is most probably an acceptance of the earnest money is liquidated damages for the breach of the agreement.

ww.realtor.org

rince pay recession. It a payer submits an otter, with a \$1,000 earnest money payment, and it the sener accepts the otter, does the Buyer have a 3-day period, within which the contract can be rejected and the earnest money returned.

Response: While there are certain types of contracts which, under federal law, or under state law, have 3-day cancellation provisions, there is no such provision for a real estate contract in North Dakota. Once accepted, the contract is binding on the parties.

ller Accept All Good Offers?: Broker had property listed. A potential buyer made an offer on the property. Seller does not want to accept the offer buyer, due to a history of personal/family relationships between the seller's family and the buyer's family. Is the seller obligated to accept the

Response: A seller is never required to accept a purchaser offer, unless the rejection is triggered by one of the reasons, such as race, ethnic origin, etc., which are prohibited by the law. On the facts of this case, it appears that a history of personality is the reason for rejection; such a reason is not illegal.

Back Up Offer: Buyer's broker submits an offer to seller's broker. Seller's broker says that seller has already verbally accepted another offer on the property; however, to the best of buyer broker's knowledge, the offer is still in the mail. Seller's broker suggests that, when the new offer arrives, it can only be considered as a backup offer.

Response: Under the statute of frauds, a party is not bound to a land contract until that party has signed the agreement. Here, the seller had not yet signed the agreement and, although the first buyer may be bound under certain circumstances, seller is probably not yet bound. Under Section 43-23-11(1)(u), N.D.C.C., a broker has an obligation to present all offers to the seller, until there has been acceptance in writing. Here, since there has been no written acceptance by seller, the new offer should be presented to the seller, so that the seller has the opportunity to make the decision, regarding which offer to accept.

<u>Disputed Earnest Money</u>: Broker has \$1,000 of earnest money in trust account. Both seller and buyer were represented by agents from the firm; seller and buyer cannot agree on resolution of the earnest money. Broker was seeking suggestions on disposition of the earnest money.

Response: If the parties will not agree to a resolution of the earnest money, it is my opinion that; if the broker returns the earnest money to one of the parties, there is risk that the other party will bring a court action, not only against the recipient party, but also against the broker. A better resolution, with a small earnest money, is a hearing before the small claims court. The small claims process is relatively quick and relatively inexpensive. While the court costs in small claims are probably about \$20, usually with no attorney fee involved, a case in district court has a filing fee alone of \$80, and generally requires the assistance of attorneys. Another possible option is Section 32-11-02, North Dakota Century Code, which allows any party [this law was not passed specifically for real estate brokers] to deposit disputed money into court, giving notice to the claimants of the deposit. Then, the claimants are required to apply to the court for disposition of the money. The downside of the "deposit" method is that it seems to force the seller and buyer into district court, with its attendant expense.

sed Contract Addendum: In a sale, which will potentially involve an FHA loan, or other addenda to the contract, which can remain private between es, and which are not disclosed to FHA?

Response: Under North Dakota Administrative Code, Section 70-02-03-09, the use of any document, "which is not made known to the prospective lender or the loan guarantor, to enable the purchaser to obtain a larger loan than the true sales price would allow, or to enable the purchaser qualify for a loan which the purchaser could not otherwise obtain," is an action which could subject the agent to punishment by the North Dakota Real Estate Commission.

www.realtor.org

M

fi

2021

EDUCATION ATTENDANCE RECORD

By using this form you can keep a record of courses as you complete them. It will be simpler to complete your renewal form when you receive it. Be sure to retain your course completion certificates for verification purposes.

Real Estate Commission if additional information is needed. CE hours must be taken between November 16, 2020 and November 15, Licensees need a minimum of 9 hours of approved continuing education hours each renewal period. There is no Mandatory Topic for the year of 2021. New licensees (as well as those coming out of escrow) have different requirements and should check with the ND 2021 to renew your license for 2022

AME:

Course Name	Course #	CE Hours	Completion Date	Course Provider	Location
Example: Agency	CE1011-900	m	1/05/2021	NDAR	Bismarck
Example: Risk Management Course	NAANOI-000	60	3/05/2021	NDAR	Grand Forks
					-
			14		